

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to EC 1907/2006 (REACH)

Date last verification	: 2017-05-29
Revision date	: 2017-05-29
Publication date	: 2010-11-02

Last modifications in sections : 2 - 3

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

### 1.1. Product identifier

Product code 12nc       : 8869 111 60010         Supplier       : ORO-PRODUKTE MARKETING INTERNATIONAL GMBH         Im Hengstfeld 47         D-32657 Lemgo         Germany         TEL:(+49) 5261-28 893-0	SDS	: 26453
Supplier : ORO-PRODUKTE MARKETING INTERNATIONAL GMBH Im Hengstfeld 47 D-32657 Lemgo Germany		
Im Hengstfeld 47 D-32657 Lemgo Germany		
D-32657 Lemgo Germany	Supplier	: ORO-PRODUKTE MARKETING INTERNATIONAL GMBH
D-32657 Lemgo Germany		Im Hengstfeld 47
Germany		0
		0
IEL:(+49) 5261-28 893-0		,
FAX:(+49) 5261-28 893-48		FAX:(+49) 5261-28 893-48
Tradename : GAGGIA DECALCIFIER 250ML	Tradename	: GAGGIA DECALCIFIER 250ML
1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against	1.2. Relevant identified u	uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
General description : SCALE REMOVING AGENT	General description	
Use : Various	•	
Uses advised against : Data not available.	uses advised against	: Data not available.
1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet	4.2 Details of the ownedi	

#### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier safety data sheet	: Philips Electronics Nederland B.V., Philips Environment & Safety, High Tech Campus 37, 5656 AE Eindhoven, Tel. +31 (0)40 2747588
Responsible department	: dangerous.goods@philips.com

Category 1

H318

### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone number : +31 (0)497-598315

## \* SECTION 2: Hazards identification

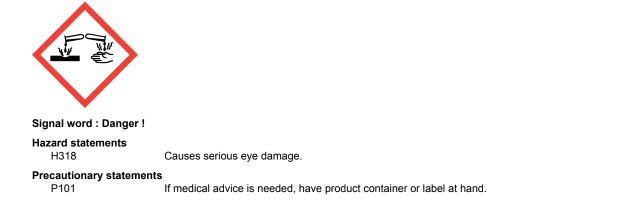
### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Serious eye damage

### 2.2. Label elements

(EC) No 1272/2008

Hazard pictogram(s)



Version number : 11.0

P102	Keep out of reach of children.					
P103	Read label before use.					
P280.3	Wear eye protection/face protection.					
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.					
	Continue rinsing.					
P310	Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.					
Hazardous component(s)	L-(+)-LACTIC ACID					

Remarks on labelling

none

# 2.3. Other hazards

If applicable: see section 6.1 and section 7.1.

Component	CAS-no. EC-no.	Index No. Registration no.	— Percentage(%)	Label	
CITRIC ACID MONOHYDRATE	5949-29-1 201-069-1	01-2119457026-42	<25.0	GHS07 H319	Eye irrit. 2
L-(+)-LACTIC ACID	79-33-4 201-196-2	01-2119474164-39	<10.0	GHS05 H315 H318	Skin irrit. 2 Eye dam. 1
ADDITIVES					
WATER	7732-18-5 231-791-2		≥65.0		

For the full text of the H-sentences mentioned in this section, see section 16.

# **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

Skin	: Remove contaminated clothes as soon as possible. Remove residue substance as soon as possible (e.g. rinse with plenty of water). In case of a serious exposure call for a doctor.
Ingestion	: If victim is conscious let him rinse the mouth with water. Do NOT let him drink. In case of general disorders bring victim into the hospital, otherwise call for a doctor.
Inhalation	<ul> <li>Bring victim into the fresh air as soon as possible and let rest. In case of severe exposure call for a doctor. In case of breathing problems, loose squeezing clothes and if victim is conscious bring victim in high sitting position. In case of stagnation of breathing give IMMEDIATELY oxygen and transport to hospital as soon as possible.</li> </ul>
Eyes	: Rinse for a long time with plenty of water. In case of eye-sight disturbances bring victim immediately into the hospital, in other cases call for a doctor

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Skin	local	<ul> <li>The substance is irritating: redness, pain.</li> <li>Degreasing: in case of sustained contact a rough, dry skin, eczema.</li> </ul>
	general	Probably no absorbtion worth mentioning.
Ingestion	local	: The substance is irritating: sore throat, abdominal pain.
	general	: The substance may be absorbed after ingestion.
Inhalation	local	: The substance is with atomising irritating: sore throat, coughing.
	general	: Probably no absorbtion worth mentioning.
Eyes	local	: The substance is corrosive: redness, pain, poor vision.
Remarks symptoms		: The substance has an effect on: the blood.

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

For advice on further treatment contact a (national) poison center.

# SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

### 5.1. Extinguishing media

#### Suitable fire-extinguisher

carbon dioxide, extinguishing powder, water spray, alcohol resistant foam

### Unsuitable fire-extinguisher

not traceable

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazardous decomposition products in fire : carbon monoxide

### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

In the event of fire, wear protective clothing and use breathing apparatus that is independent of the ambient air.

### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

#### Precautions

Use protective equipment. See section 8. Read label before use.

#### Emergency procedure

Is not to be expected.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Remainder material or uncleaned empty packagings have to be incinerated in a proper installation or dumped on an approved landfill, in accordance with local and national legislation.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

#### Spillage procedure

Absorb the liquid in appropriate absorbent (e.g. Powersorb, dry sand, diatomite, vermiculite etc.), shovel the mixture into plastic bags and remove to the central depot for hazardous waste.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

See section 8 for appropriate personal protection. See section 13 for additional information on waste treatment.

## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Observe label precautions.

Do not eat, drink or smoke in work areas. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment. Wash hands after leaving the work area.

Local exhausting	:	Depends on processing circumstances, but at least good room ventilation.
Storage code (on behalf of PGS 15)	:	none

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions	:	See also any precautionary statements in section 2.2.
		Store product in a closed, original container, frost free.

### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Data not available.

### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1. Control parameters

#### Exposure limits :

applicable to:	The Netherlands
No TWA has b	een laid down.
No TWA has b	een laid down.
No TWA has b	een laid down.
No TWA has b	een laid down.

C=Ceiling; S=Skin

### Remarks exposure limits :

none

#### DNEL (Derived No Effect Level) Data not available.

#### **PNEC (Predicted No Effect Concentration)**

CITRIC ACID MONOHYDRATE L-(+)-LACTIC ACID ADDITIVES WATER

Fresh water: 0.44 mg/l	CITRIC ACID MONOHYDRATE	Source : ECHA	
Fresh water sediment: 34.6 mg/kg	CITRIC ACID MONOHYDRATE	Source : ECHA	
Marine water sediment: 3.46 mg/kg	CITRIC ACID MONOHYDRATE	Source : ECHA	

Soil: 33.1 mg/kg
Sewage Treatment Plant (STP): 1000 mg/l
Marine water: 0.044 mg/l
Fresh water: 1.3 mg/l
Sewage Treatment Plant (STP): 10 mg/l

CITRIC ACID MONOHYDRATE CITRIC ACID MONOHYDRATE CITRIC ACID MONOHYDRATE L-(+)-LACTIC ACID L-(+)-LACTIC ACID

Source	:	ECHA
Source	:	ECHA
Source	:	ECHA
Source	:	Supplier
Source	:	Supplier

: Chemicalcards

: OECD 117 : IUCLID

Source Method

Source

## 8.2. Exposure controls

Advised personal protection :		
Hands	:	butyl rubber gloves
Breakthrough time	:	For information: consult the supplier of the gloves.
Eyes	:	acid goggles
Inhalation	:	none (when sufficient exhausting)
Skin	:	protective clothing (such as: apron, coverall, boots)

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state Colour Odour Odour threshold (20°C; 1013 mbar) pH Melting point/range Boiling point/range Flash point/range Vapor rate/range Flammability (solid, gas) Explosive limits Vapour pressure Relative density Solubility in water Log Po/w	: liquid : colourless : specific : not traceable : 2.1 : not traceable : $\geq 100 \ ^{\circ}C (1013 \text{ mbar})$ : not traceable : not traceable : data not available : not traceable : $\leq 2.3 \text{ kPa } (20 \ ^{\circ}C)$ : $\geq 1.00 \ ^{<}1.20 \text{ (water=1)} (20 \ ^{\circ}C)$ : complete : $-1.7 \ CITRIC ACID MONOHYDRATE \ -0.62 \ L_{+}-LACTIC ACID$	
Autoignition temperature Decomposition temperature Viscosity Dust explosions possible in air Oxidising properties 9.2. Other information	<ul> <li>not traceable</li> <li>not traceable</li> <li>not traceable</li> <li>not applicable</li> <li>no</li> </ul>	

# Solubility in fat : not traceable

Electrostatic chargement : no

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

### 10.1. Reactivity

See section 10.2 - 10.6.

## 10.2. Chemical stability

The substance or mixture is stable under normal conditions. See also section 10.4.

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Reactions with water Other hazardous conditions : no : Data not available.

## 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Data not available.

## 10.5. Incompatible materials

Hazardous reactions with

: oxidizing substances, metals, reducing substances, metal nitrates, alkaline solutions

# **10.6.** Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products at heating : none

# SECTION 11: Toxicological information

# 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute oral toxicity LD-50: 3.73 g/kg (ORL-I	RAT)	L-(+)-LACTIC ACID		Method Source	: OECD 4 : IUCLID
Acute dermal toxicity LD-50: >2 g/kg (SKN-RE	3T)	L-(+)-LACTIC ACID		Method Source	: OECD 4 : IUCLID
Acute inhalation toxici There are no data availa	•				
Ames test negative		CITRIC ACID MONOHYDRATE		Source	: Merck
Skin corrosion/irritation The substance or mixtur		skin corrosion/-irritation.			
Serious eye damage/ir Causes serious eye dan					
Respiratory or skin se The substance or mixtur		r respiratory or skin sensitisation	n.		
Germ cell mutagenicity The substance or mixtur		germ cell mutagenicity.			
Carcinogenicity The substance or mixtur	e is not classified for	carcinogenicity.			
Additional information NTP: no NTP: no NTP: no Reproductive toxicity	regarding carcino IARC: no IARC: no IARC: no	genicity (NTP, IARC, OSHA) OSHA: no OSHA: no OSHA: no	CITRIC ACID MC L-(+)-LACTIC AC WATER		
The substance or mixtur	e is not classified for	reproductive toxicity.			
Specific target organ t The substance or mixtur		<b>sure</b> r specific target organ toxicity-si	ngle exposure.		
Specific target organ t The substance or mixtur		<b>posure</b> r specific target organ toxicity-re	epeated exposure.		
Aspiration hazard The substance or mixtur	e is not classified for	r aspiration hazard.			
<b>Symptoms</b> Skin	local	: Degreasing: in ca	irritating: redness, pain. se of sustained contact a ı	rough, dry skin, ec	zema.
Ingestion	general local	: The substance is	rbtion worth mentioning. irritating: sore throat, abdo		
Inhalation	general local general	: The substance is	ay be absorbed after inges with atomising irritating: so rbtion worth mentioning.		ng.
Eyes	local		corrosive: redness, pain, p	ooor vision.	
Remarks symptoms		: The substance ha	s an effect on: the blood.		
ECTION 12: Ec	ological info	mation			

# 1:

Ecotoxicity LC-50: 440 mg/l/96H (Fish) EC-50: 120 mg/l/48H (Daphnia) LC-50: 320 mg/l/96H (Fish) EC-50: 240 mg/l/48H (Daphnia) NOEC-Fish: 320 mg/l/96H NOEC-Daphnia: 240 mg/l/48H	Cr L-1 L-1 L-1	TRIC ACID MONOHYDRATE TRIC ACID MONOHYDRATE (+)-LACTIC ACID (+)-LACTIC ACID (+)-LACTIC ACID	Source Source Method Source Method Source Method Source	: ACROS : ACROS : OECD 203 : IUCLID : OECD 202 : IUCLID : OECD 203 : IUCLID : OECD 202 : IUCLID
12.2. I ersistence and degr	adability			
Biological oxygen demand (5)	: 0.481 g/g 0.0005 g/g	CITRIC ACID MONOHYDRATE L-(+)-LACTIC ACID	Source	: Merck
Chemical oxygen demand	: 0.686 g/g 0.0009 g/g	CITRIC ACID MONOHYDRATE L-(+)-LACTIC ACID	Source	: Merck

Biological(5)/chemical oxygen demand ratio	: 0.701	CITRIC ACID MONOHYDRATE		
Degradability	0.5 : readily	L-(+)-LACTIC ACID CITRIC ACID MONOHYDRATE	Method Source	: OECD 302B : Merck
	readily	L-(+)-LACTIC ACID	Source	: IUCLID
12.3. Bioaccumulative p	otential			
Bioconcentration factor	not traceable			
Log Po/w	: -1.7	CITRIC ACID MONOHYDRATE	Source	: Chemicalcards
	-0.62	L-(+)-LACTIC ACID	Method	: OECD 117
			Source	: IUCLID
12.4. Mobility in soil				
Henry Constant : 1.13E	-7 atm m3/mol	L-(+)-LACTIC ACID	Source	: Easi View
12.5. Results of PBT and	l vPvB assessm	nent		

Data not available.

### 12.6. Other adverse effects

Remarks on ecotoxicity : none

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Remainder material or uncleaned empty packagings have to be incinerated in a proper installation or dumped on an approved landfill, in accordance with local and national legislation.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

### 14.1. UN number

Not subject to Transport-regulation Dangerous Substances

### 14.2. UN proper shipping name

Not subject to Transport-regulation Dangerous Substances

### 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Not subject to Transport-regulation Dangerous Substances

### 14.4. Packing group

Not subject to Transport-regulation Dangerous Substances

### 14.5. Environmental hazards

Marine pollutant : no

### 14.6. Special precautions for user

Not subject to Transport-regulation Dangerous Substances

### 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Data not available.

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

- Water Hazard Class (WGK) = 1
- According to the supplier, the components of which the product exists are registered in (or exempt from) the Toxic Substances Control Act Inventory (TSCA-USA).

### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

- Data not available.

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

#### **Remarks on SDS**

: Specific requirements Switzerland: - Section 1: Importer: Philips AG, Allmendstrasse 140, 8027 Zürich Telephone: +41 (0)44/488 2211 Customer service: +41 (0)800/002050 (Monday - Friday 8:00 - 18:00) Mobile network: +41 (0)848/000292 (Monday - Friday 8:00 - 18:00) Swiss Toxicological Information Centre CH-8028 Zürich: +41 (0)44/2515151 or 145 - Section 13: Waste code: 20 01 29 (European Waste Catalogue (EWC))

#### Overview relevant H-sentences from all components in section 3

H315	Causes	s skin irritation	
	-		

H318 Causes serious eye damage. H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

# **Training advice**

Provide adequate information, instruction and training for operators.

#### A key or legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

NTP NA KHC Kn RAHC Re IARC Int OSHA OC ADR AC RID Re UN Ur IMDG Int IMO Int IATA Int ICAO Int	pper Explosive Limit ational Toxicology Program nown Human Carcinogen easonably Anticipated Human Carcinogen ternational Agency for Research on Cancer ccupational Safety & Health Administration ccord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises Dangereuses par Route èglement concernant le transport international ferroviaire des marchandises dangereuses nited Nations ternational Maritime Dangerous Goods ternational Maritime Organization ternational Air Transport Association ternational Civil Aviation Organization
EmS En	mergency Schedule

\* Point to alterations with regard to the previous version. The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is believed to be correct as of the date issued. Philips Electronics Nederland B.V. makes no warranty as to its contents, nor as to its fitness for any particular purpose or use.